United States Bankruptcy Court District of New Mexico

Document Verification

Case Title: Carla J. Chavez v. Internal Revenue Service, et al.

Case Number: 01-01186

Nature of Suit:

Judge Code: S

Reference Number: 01-01186 - S

Document Information

Number: 59

Description: Memorandum Opinion re: [54-1] Motion For New Trial and Amendment of Findings of

Fact and Conclusions of Law by Carla J. Chavez.

Size: 5 pages (13k)

Date 10/22/2002 | **Date Filed:** 10/22/2002 | **Date Entered On Docket:** 10/23/2002

Received: 02:58:06 PM

Court Digital Signature

View History

61 89 ee 82 ea 13 26 58 fd 85 3f a9 81 e4 a5 e4 22 c7 10 da a1 0b 39 d2 4a 97 78 84 61 59 2b 34 1f d1 f3 c8 0a 9c 06 5c f8 f2 98 b0 09 dd b0 40 41 96 0e 53 04 87 f6 fe ba 6f 06 7f 87 f7 e4 cd d8 4b 3b 78 da 29 5a cc 79 be f0 b0 8a 98 82 23 67 c0 33 f2 14 48 d2 e0 89 f5 34 99 3a d4 0b 6c cf 98 91 34 4f 4e d2 57 d9 be 6f 3c f4 15 54 af af 9d 6d 63 2b 89 59 5e 03 ad 0d 48 65 6e 27 ad

Filer Information

Submitted

By:

Comments: Memorandum Opinion and Order on Plaintiff's Motion for New Trial and Amendment of

Findings and Conclusions

Digital Signature: The Court's digital signature is a verifiable mathematical computation unique to this document and the Court's private encryption key. This signature assures that any change to the document can be detected.

Verification: This form is verification of the status of the document identified above as of *Wednesday*, *December* 22, 2004. If this form is attached to the document identified above, it serves as an endorsed copy of the document.

Note: Any date shown above is current as of the date of this verification. Users are urged to review the official court docket for a specific event to confirm information, such as entered on docket date for purposes of appeal. Any element of information on this form, except for the digital signature and the received date, is subject to change as changes may be entered on the Court's official docket.

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF NEW MEXICO

In re:

CARLA J. CHAVEZ,

Debtor.

No. 13-01-11036 SS

CARLA J. CHAVEZ, Plaintiff,

v.

Adv. No. 01-1186 S

INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE, et al., Defendants.

MEMORANDUM OPINION AND ORDER ON PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR NEW TRIAL AND AMENDMENT OF FINDINGS AND CONCLUSIONS

This matter is before the Court on Plaintiff's Motion for New Trial and Amendment of Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law ("Motion"), filed by her attorney Robert Hilgendorf.

(Docket 54). Defendant New Mexico Department of Labor filed a response (Docket 55) through its attorney Rebecca Wardlaw.

For the reasons set forth below the Motion will be denied.

In this case Plaintiff filed 9 briefs in support of her position (docket #s: 22, 24, 33, 34, 37, 40, 41, 44, and 49). Defendant New Mexico Department of Labor responded with 6 briefs (docket #s: 20, 32, 35, 36, 39, and 42). The Court conducted a full trial on the merits, and issued Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law and a Judgment on September 27, 2002. The Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law and Judgment were docketed on September 30, 2002. This Motion was filed on October 8, 2002. This Motion to reconsider seeks a

new trial, or an amendment of findings and conclusions, pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 59 made applicable to Bankruptcy Courts by Federal Bankruptcy Rule 9023.

Grounds warranting a motion to reconsider include (1) an intervening change in the controlling law, (2) new evidence previously unavailable, and (3) the need to correct clear error or prevent manifest injustice. See Brumark Corp. v. Samson Resources Corp., 57 F.3d 941, 948 (10th Cir. 1995). Thus, a motion for reconsideration is appropriate where the court has misapprehended the facts, a party's position, or the controlling law. cf. Fed.R.App.P. 40(a)(2)(grounds for rehearing). It is not appropriate to revisit issues already addressed or advance arguments that could have been raised in prior briefing. See Van Skiver v. United States, 952 F.2d 1241, 1243 (10th Cir. 1991).

Servants of the Paraclete v. John Does, I-XVI, 204 F.3d 1005, 1012 (10th Cir. 2000).

Plaintiff does not argue an intervening change in the law or new evidence previously unavailable. Therefore, she must base her motion on the need to correct clear error or prevent manifest injustice. Plaintiff sets forth four arguments.

Each will be addressed.

First, she argues that the Findings and Conclusions are not supported by substantial evidence insofar as they are silent with respect to the issues of penalties and interest on the taxes, and the collectability of such charges from the Debtor. The Court found that taxes and penalties were assessed, that no documents were provided to the taxing

authorities to dispute the correctness of the assessments, and that the community was liable for the debt. The Court has reviewed its finding that the community was liable for the full amounts assessed and comes to the same conclusion. There is no clear error or manifest injustice.

Second, Plaintiff argues that the Court did not consider section 505 of the Bankruptcy Code and that she should be given a new trial so she can introduce evidence pertaining to the amount of taxes owing from the community. Plaintiff has already had the opportunity to present material challenging the validity of the tax assessments, but did not do so at trial. Indeed, one fact that was abundantly clear at trial was that there were no such documents because Plaintiff's husband failed to keep records from which the taxes could be accurately computed. The burden was on plaintiff to establish that the taxes claimed were incorrect, and she failed to do so at trial. There is no clear error or manifest injustice.

Third, Plaintiff argues that the Findings and Conclusions do not include an analysis of the relevant New Mexico statutes regarding validity and priority of liens, nor do they establish the amount and priority of the tax liens. The complaint in this case did not request a determination of the amount or priority of the tax liens, and no cross-claims were

filed between the defendants seeking these determinations.

Presumably the taxing authorities can work out amongst

themselves which agency will receive which proceeds in what

order, or they can file a motion for such a determination.

The only ruling that pertains to the Plaintiff is that the tax

liens were valid and superior to her interest in the proceeds.

Finally, Plaintiff reargues the application of Regulation 3-1-6-16 and due process. These arguments were thoroughly presented in the extensive briefs submitted in this case. The Court addressed the applicability, and non-applicability, of Regulation 3-1-6-16 in the Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, as well as the due process arguments. Among other things, the Court stated that because the marital community was the taxpayer and through its agent Richard Ortiz had received the requisite notice, Ms. Chavez, as part of the marital community, was not entitled to any additional notice, whether pursuant to the regulation or otherwise. "It is not appropriate to revisit issues already addressed" in this motion to reconsider. Id. Plaintiff's remedy is to appeal.

For these reasons, the Court finds that the Motion is not well taken and should be denied.

IT IS ORDERED that the Plaintiff's Motion for New Trial and Amendment of Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law is denied.

Honorable James S. Starzynski United States Bankruptcy Judge

I hereby certify that on October 22, 2002, a true and correct copy of the foregoing was either electronically transmitted, faxed, delivered, or mailed to the listed counsel and parties.

Robert N Hilgendorf 310 McKenzie St Santa Fe, NM 87501-1883

Rebecca E Wardlaw NM Dept of Labor Legal Section PO Box 1928 Albuquerque, NM 87103-1928

Donald F Harris PO Box 8485 Albuquerque, NM 87198-8485

Kelley L. Skehen 309 Gold Avenue SW Albuquerque, NM 87102-608

James C Jacobsen 111 Lomas NW Ste 300 Albuquerque, NM 87102-2368

James F. Burke_